

primi Violini 1. Pult Fragmente für Orchester René Wohlhauser

$\text{♩} = 50$ I. 1. Vn sola: $pp \leq mp$

$\frac{7}{4}$ ff $>$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\#$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$

⑦ non divisi $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ ff $>$ $\hat{||}(\frac{7}{4})$

$\text{♩} = 100$ II.

$\frac{7}{4}$ ff b $\hat{o}$ $(b\hat{o})$ $d.$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$

$\text{♩} = 150$ III.

$\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ ff $gliss.$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ ff $\#$ $\hat{||}(\frac{7}{4})$

⑥ (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) $\#$ $\hat{||}(\frac{7}{4})$ attacca

$\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $sfff$

IV. $\hat{||}(\frac{4}{4})$

♩ tacet [17"]

ca. $\text{♩} = 112$ V. Zitat (tacet) Flageolet VI. morendo

$\frac{4}{4}$ mp $\hat{||}(\frac{4}{4})$ $gliss. lentamente$ p 17" 3"

(tacet) $\hat{||}(\frac{4}{4})$ 2'05"

VII. Choral

senza tempo 16va $\hat{||}(\frac{7}{4})$ 5" mp 8va $\hat{||}(\frac{7}{4})$ 3" p 8va $\hat{||}(\frac{7}{4})$ 5" mp 16va $\hat{||}(\frac{7}{4})$ 11" p

VIII. Intermezzo 1

$\text{♩} = 92$ trem. $\hat{||}(\frac{7}{4})$ ff $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{17}{4}$

④ sempre $sfff$ secco non div. $\hat{||}(\frac{7}{4})$

$\frac{17}{4}$ $\#$ $\hat{||}(\frac{7}{4})$ $sim.$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $sim.$

N.B.: Versetzungszeichen gelten (im traditionellen Sinn) für den ganzen Takt und nur in der jeweiligen Orchestralanlage.

senza tempo

11" [A] J=50

③

Handwritten musical notation for exercise 3. It consists of two staves, one with a treble clef and one with a bass clef. The notation includes various time signatures (5, 4, 3, 2, 4) and musical notes with accidentals (sharps and flats). The notes are connected by beams and slurs, indicating a continuous melodic line. The exercise is marked with a circled '3' at the beginning.

⑥

Handwritten musical notation for exercise 6. It consists of two staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation is divided into four measures by vertical bar lines. The time signatures for the measures are 3/4, 2/4, 3/4, and 5/4. The notes are written in a cursive, handwritten style. The first measure of the top staff contains a quarter note (F#), a dotted quarter note (G#), and a half note (A). The second measure contains a quarter note (B), a dotted quarter note (C), and a half note (D). The third measure contains a quarter note (E), a dotted quarter note (F#), and a half note (G). The fourth measure contains a quarter note (A), a dotted quarter note (B), and a half note (C). The bottom staff follows a similar pattern with different notes and time signatures.

9

senza tempo

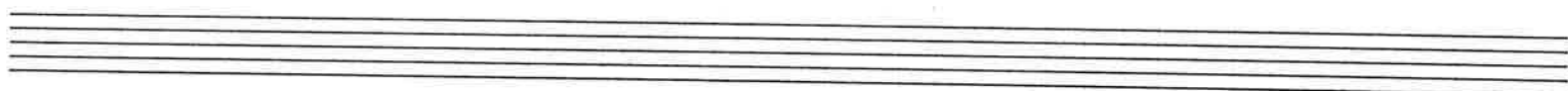
B

⑫ B 1=50

subito
Sempre
sub pont.
non vibrato
con sord.
f

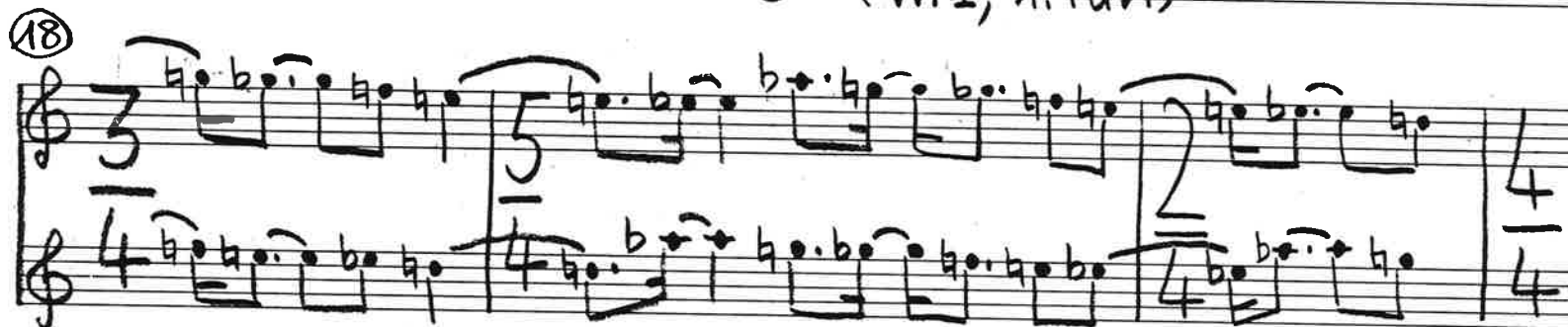
14

Handwritten musical notation for exercise 14. The notation is written on two staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The bottom staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The time signatures for the measures are 3, 2, 3, 2, 3. The notes are written in a stylized, handwritten manner, with some notes having accidentals (sharps and flats). The exercise is numbered 14 in the top left corner.



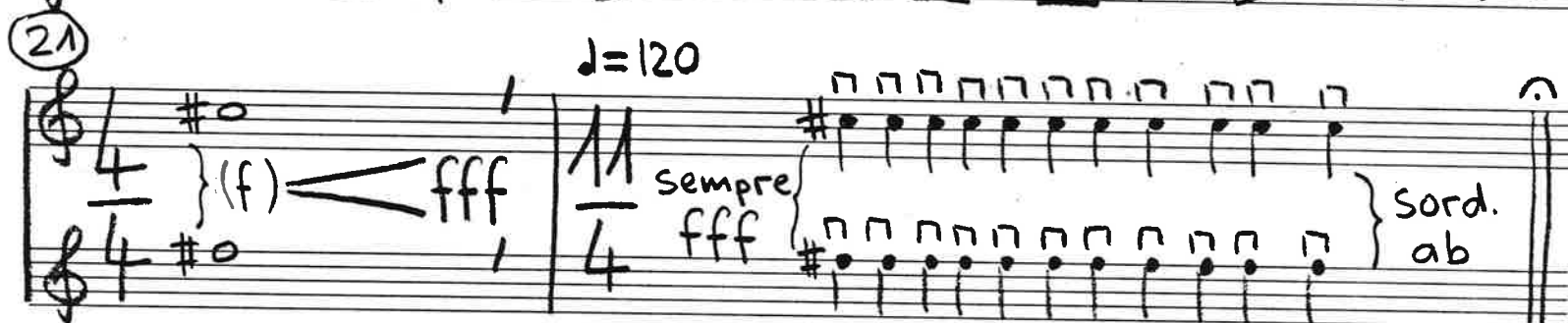
- 3 - (Vn I, 1. Part)

18



21

$\text{♩} = 120$



23

senza tempo

$\text{♩} = 50$

sempre ordinario molto vibrato¹⁾ senza sord.

mf



25



28



31

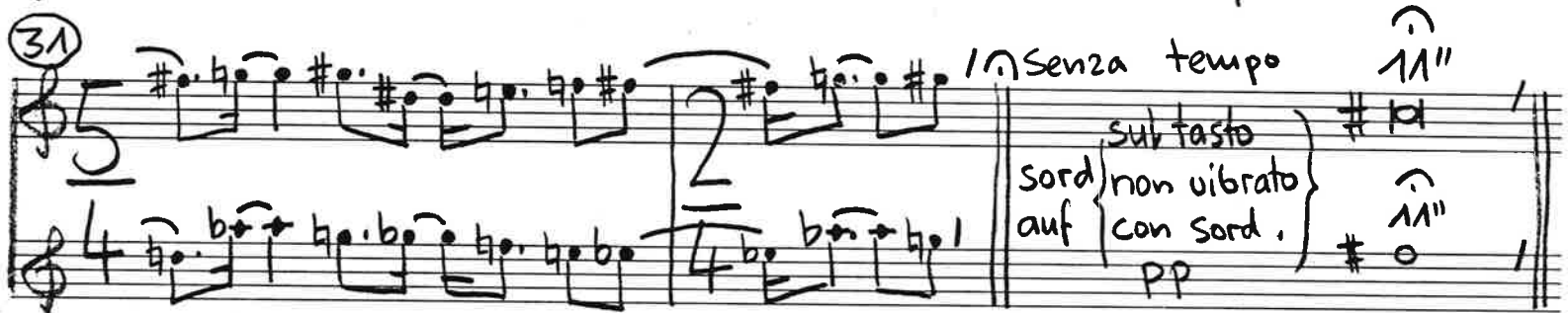
senza tempo

subtasto

sord. non vibrato

auf con sord.

pp



Intermezzo 2

attacca

tacet [37"]

sord. ab

¹⁾ molto vibrato: langsam



Sempre

- 4 - (Vn I, 1. Pult)

non divisi, senza sord

XI.

$\text{♩} = 100$

Handwritten musical notation for the first system. It features a treble clef and a 7/4 time signature. The notation includes a series of notes with stems, some marked with a downward-pointing triangle and a 'b' (flat). The notes are grouped by beams. The dynamics 'sfffz' are written below the first and third measures. A tempo marking '♩ = 100' is present. The system ends with a double bar line.

Handwritten musical notation for the second system, starting with a circled measure number '5'. It continues the melodic line with notes and stems, some marked with a downward-pointing triangle and a 'b'. The dynamics 'sfffz' are repeated. The system ends with a double bar line.

Handwritten musical notation for the third system, starting with a circled measure number '9'. It includes a treble clef and a 2/4 time signature. The notation features a series of notes with stems, some marked with a downward-pointing triangle and a 'b'. The dynamics 'pp' and 'sfffz' are written. The system ends with a double bar line.

Handwritten musical notation for the fourth system, starting with a circled measure number '14'. It includes a treble clef and a 2/4 time signature. The notation features a series of notes with stems, some marked with a downward-pointing triangle and a 'b'. The dynamics 'fff' and 'Fine' are written. The system ends with a double bar line.

primi Violini
2. Publ. Fragmente für Orchester René Wohlhauser

Fragmente

für Orchester

René Wohlhauer

I.

⑨

$$J = 100$$
 $d = 150$

⑥

IV.

Handwritten musical notation for a 4/4 time signature. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 4/4 time signature. The first measure contains a half note G4, and the second measure contains a half note A4. The third measure contains a half note B4, and the fourth measure contains a half note C5. The notes are connected by a slur. The time signature is written as 4/4.

Flageolett

VI. morendo

(tacet)

senza tempo

senza tempo

VIII. Intermezzo 1

④

sempre sfff2 secco

non div.

non div.

△ △ △ sim.

~~SIVA~~

N.B.: Versetzungszeichen gelten (im traditionellen Sinn) für den ganzen Takt und nur in der jeweiligen Oktavlage.

Takt und nur in der jeweiligen Oktavlage.

-2- (Vn I, 2. Pult)

sempre divisi

Senza tempo

A $\lambda = 50$

1 *sempre*
2 *sub tasto*
non vibrato
con sord.
pp

Handwritten musical score for two staves. The first staff is marked with a '1' and the second with a '2'. The music is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The first staff has a tempo marking 'sempre' and the second has 'sub tasto', 'non vibrato', 'con sord.', and 'pp'. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. There are also some handwritten annotations like '11'' and '4' above the staves.

③

Handwritten musical notation for exercise 3, featuring two staves with treble clefs and a key signature of one flat. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines, with large numbers 5, 3, 2, and 3 written above the staves.

⑥

Handwritten musical notation for exercise 6. It consists of two staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation is divided into four measures by vertical bar lines. The time signatures for the measures are 3, 2, 3, and 5. The notes are written in a stylized, handwritten manner, with some notes beamed together. The first measure of the top staff has a 3, the second a 2, the third a 3, and the fourth a 5. The first measure of the bottom staff has a 4, the second a 4, the third a 4, and the fourth a 4.

⑨

12 B ♩ = 50

subito
Sempre
sul pont.
non vibrato
con sord.

f

14

Handwritten musical score for a 14-measure piece. The score is written on two staves. The top staff uses a 3/4 time signature and the bottom staff uses a 4/4 time signature. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The melody in the top staff consists of eighth and quarter notes, while the bass line in the bottom staff consists of quarter and eighth notes. The piece is divided into four measures, each with a time signature change indicated by a bracket above the staff.

- 3 - (Vn I, 2. Pult)

18

21

$\text{♩} = 120$

23

senza tempo

$\text{♩} = 50$

sempre ordinario molto vibrato¹⁾ senza sord. mf

25

28

31

senza tempo

sord. auf

sul tasto non vibrato con sord. pp

X. Intermezzo 2 attacca

tacet [37"]

sord. ab

1) molto vibrato: langsam



Sempre - 4 - (VnI, 2. Pult)
non divisi, senza sord. XI.

$\text{♩} = 100$
Musical notation for the first system, featuring a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 7/4 time signature. The notation includes a series of notes with a *sfffz* dynamic marking and a *(non divi)* instruction. The system concludes with a repeat sign.

⑤
Musical notation for the second system, continuing the piece. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 7/4 time signature. The notation includes a series of notes with a *sfffz* dynamic marking and a *(non divi)* instruction. The system concludes with a repeat sign.

⑨
Musical notation for the third system, continuing the piece. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes a series of notes with a *pp* dynamic marking and a *sfffz* dynamic marking. The system concludes with a repeat sign.

⑭
Musical notation for the fourth system, concluding the piece. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes a series of notes with a *fff* dynamic marking and a *(b.)* instruction. The system concludes with a *Fine* marking and a double bar line.

Fragmente für Orchester René Wohlhauser

I.

[illegible]

Handwritten musical notation for the first staff of 'The Rose Tree'. The staff is in treble clef and contains four measures. The first measure is in 7/4 time, marked *ff*, with a half note G4 (marked with a sharp) and a half note A4 (marked with a sharp and a dot). The second measure is in 2/4 time, marked with a dash. The third measure is in 5/4 time, marked *f*, with a half note G4 (marked with a sharp) and a half note A4 (marked with a sharp and a dot). The fourth measure is in 3/4 time, marked with a dash.

⑤



A handwritten capital letter 'I' is shown on a four-line staff. The letter is formed with a single vertical stroke that starts at the top line, goes down to the bottom line, and has a small horizontal bar at the top.

800- - - -

$\text{♩} = 150$

Handwritten musical notation for a guitar piece. The notation is on a single staff with a treble clef. It starts with a 7/4 time signature, followed by a 5/4 time signature, and then a 3/4 time signature, and finally a 2/4 time signature. The piece is marked 'ff' (fortissimo) and includes a 'gliss.' (glissando) instruction. The notation features various accidentals (sharps, naturals, double sharps) and dynamic markings. The piece ends with a double bar line.

⑥ (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) $\sharp$ *attacca*

IV.

VI. morendo

cad=112 / V. Zitat (tacet) Flageolet **A** **B** gliss. lentamente

The handwritten musical notation consists of two staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, followed by a whole rest labeled "(tacet)". Above this rest is a fermata and the time value "2'05\"", indicating a 2-minute and 5-second silence. The second staff starts with a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic marking. It features a long, sustained note spanning most of the staff, with a wedge-shaped crescendo hairpin above it. Above this note is another fermata and the time value "17\"", indicating a 17-second duration. The staff concludes with a short segment marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic, containing three eighth notes separated by vertical dashed lines, with a "3\"" time value written below them.

N.B.: Versetzungszeichen geben (im traditionellen Sinn) für den ganzen Takt und nur in der jeweiligen Oktavlage.

VII. Choral

Senza tempo

Handwritten musical score for 'Senza tempo'. The score is written on a single staff with a treble clef. It begins with a dynamic marking of 'mf' (mezzo-forte). The first measure contains a half note with a sharp sign and a '5' below it. The second measure contains a half note with a '3' below it. The third measure contains a half note with a flat sign and a '7' below it. The fourth measure contains a half note with a flat sign and a '5' below it. The fifth measure contains a half note with a '14' below it. The sixth measure contains a half note with a '7' above it and a '4' below it. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign. Above the staff, there are handwritten notes: 'Senza tempo' at the beginning, and '8va' (octave) above the first, second, and fifth measures. There are also handwritten notes 'p' (piano) and 'mp' (mezzo-piano) below the staff, indicating dynamics. The notes are written in a simple, hand-drawn style.

mf

mp

p

mp

p

VIII. Intermezzo A

Handwritten musical notation for a guitar piece. The notation includes a treble clef, a 7/4 time signature, and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked "d=92" and "trem." (tremolo). The dynamics are marked "divisi" and "fff" (fortissimo). The notation features a complex rhythmic pattern with many beamed notes, suggesting a tremolo effect. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a final measure containing a 7/4 time signature.

④ *non div.* *sim.* *sempre sf ff2 secco* *non div.* *Sim.*

IX

A $\text{♩} = 50$

Handwritten musical notation for exercise A. It starts with a treble clef and a 11th fret marker. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked as quarter note = 50. The notation consists of a series of chords: $\frac{7}{4}$, $\frac{5}{4}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{5}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$. There are slurs over the first two chords and the last two chords. An '8va' marking is under the $\frac{5}{4}$ chord.

Handwritten musical notation for a single staff, likely for a piano. The notation includes a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a tempo marking of 11. The time signature is 4/4. The piece begins with a forte (ff) dynamic and a non stacc. (non staccato) marking. The notation features various rhythmic values, including eighth notes, quarter notes, and half notes, with some notes marked with a sharp sign (#). The piece concludes with a piano (pp) dynamic and a crescendo (mp) marking.

18

divisi

pizz. mit Plektrum

p

sff

-3- (VnI, 3. Pult)

22 $\text{♩} = 120$ $\text{♩} = 50$ fff 8va non div. arco $\text{8va pizz. mit Plektrum}$ fff

26 arco p f mp divisi $\text{pizz. mit Plektrum}$ sfff

31 arco non div. fff 8va

V. Intermezzo 2

tacet [37"] attacca $\text{II } (\frac{7}{4})$

∕



primi Violini
4. Pubt Fragmente für Orchester René Wohlhauser

I.

4



800



attacca


$$i \left(\frac{4}{4} \right)$$

VI. morendo

Flageobett



mp

B

-P

17"

3"

N.B.: Versetzungszeichen
Takt und nur in der

gelten (im traditionellen Sinn) für den ganzen jeweiligen Oktavlage.

- 2- (Vn I, 4. Pult)

VII. Choral

Senza tempo

mf

mp

p

mp

p

8va

5th

3rd

7th

5th

1st

7th

VIII. Intermezzo 1

♩ = 92 trem. divisi

fff

sim.

sempre sffz secco

non div. sim.

non div. sim.

17

4

2

4

3

4

17

4

IX.

A ♩ = 50

1st

7

4

5

4

3

4

2

4

3

4

2

4

3

4

5

4

2

4

11 B ♩ = 50

ff (non stacc.)

pp

mp

8va

7

4

5

4

3

4

2

4

3

4

2

4

3

4

18

divisi

pizz. mit Plektrum

sff

p

3

4

5

4

2

4

4

4

1st

4

- 3- (VnI, 4. Publ)

22 $\text{♩} = 120$ C $\text{♩} = 50$ b non div.
arco

8va b 8va b pizz. mit Plektrum

Handwritten musical score for guitar, measures 26-31. The score is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The time signature changes from 3/4 to 2/4, then back to 3/4, and finally to 5/4. The notation includes various guitar-specific markings such as "arco", "pizz.", "divisi", "p", "f", "mp", "sfff", and "plektrum". The notes are written in a stylized, handwritten manner, with some notes being beamed together or marked with accidentals. The measure numbers 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, and 31 are circled at the beginning of their respective measures.

[illegible]

8. Intermezzo 2

Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff:

Left side: $\text{tacet} [37^{\text{II}}]$

Right side: $\text{attacca} \parallel \left(\frac{7}{4} \right)$



- 4 - (Vn I, 4. Publ.)

XI.

$\text{♩} = 100$

7/4 *sfff* *non div.* 2/4 *sfffz* (non div.) 5/4

③ 5/4 (non div.) *sfffz* 3/4 (non div.) *sfffz* (non div.) 5/4

⑥ 5/4 (non div.) *sfffz* 2/4 (non div.) *sfffz* (non div.) 7/4 (non div.) 2/4

⑨ 2/4 *pp* # *tr* (non div.) 5/4 *sfffz* (non div.) 3/4 *sfffz* 5/4

⑬ 5/4 2/4 13/4 *fff* # *tr* (non div.) *Fine*

primi Violini
5. Punkt Fragmente für Orchester René Wohlhauser
I.

$\text{♩} = 50$

ff

7/4 5/4 3/4 2/4 3/4 2/4 3/4 5/4

⑧ 5/4 2/4 ff

7/4

II.

$\text{♩} = 100$

ff

7/4 2/4 5/4 3/4

⑤ mf

7/4 5/4 7/4

III.

$\text{♩} = 150$

8va

ff

7/4 5/4 3/4 2/4

⑥ (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)

1/4 sfff

attacca

IV.

tacet [17"]

7/4

VI. morendo

ca. $\text{♩} = 112$ / V. Zitat (tacet) Flageolet

mp

A

gliss. ventamente

B

17"

3"

2'05"

(tacet)



N.B.: Versetzungszeichen gelten (im traditionellen Sinn) für den ganzen Takt und nur in der jeweiligen Oktavlage.

VII. Choral

senza tempo

mf 5" / mp 3" / p 7" / mp 5" / p 11" / 11 (7/4)

8va 7

VIII. Intermezzo 1

♩ = 92 trem. divisi

fff

17/4

4

sim.

sempre sfff2 secco

non div. 3/4

sim.

IX.

A ♩ = 50

11" 7/4 - 5/4 - 3/4 - 2/4 - 3/4 - 2/4 - 3/4 - 5/4 - 2/4

11 B ♩ = 50

ff (non stacc.)

pp mp

8va 7

18

pizz. mit Plektrum

sff

divisi #

5/4 2/4 1/4 11/4

4/4 4/4 4/4 4/4

- 3 - (Vn I, 5. Pult)

②② $\text{♩} = 120$ $\text{♩} = 50$ 8va_7 non div. arco 8va_7 pizz. mit Plektrum

②⑥ arco 8va_7 $\text{P} < \text{f}$ mp 8va_7 divisi $\text{pizz. mit Plektrum}$

③① arco non div. 8va_7 fff

I. Intermezzo 2

tacet [37"] attacca $\text{II} \left(\frac{7}{4} \right)$

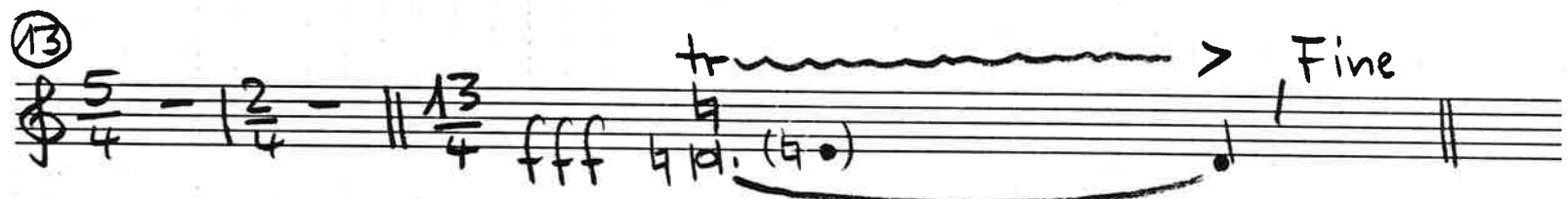
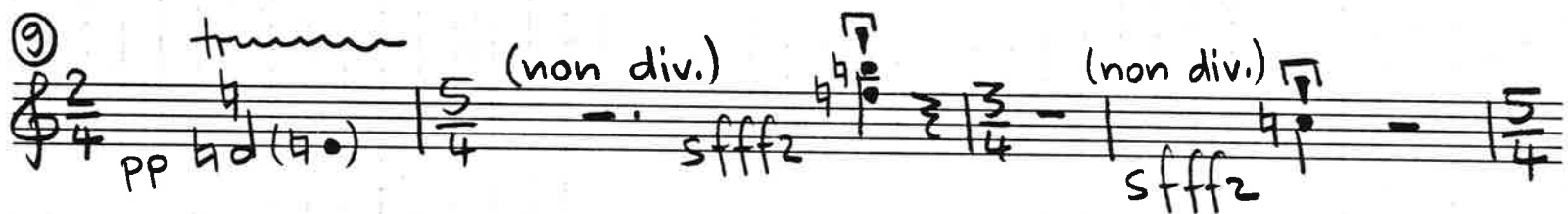
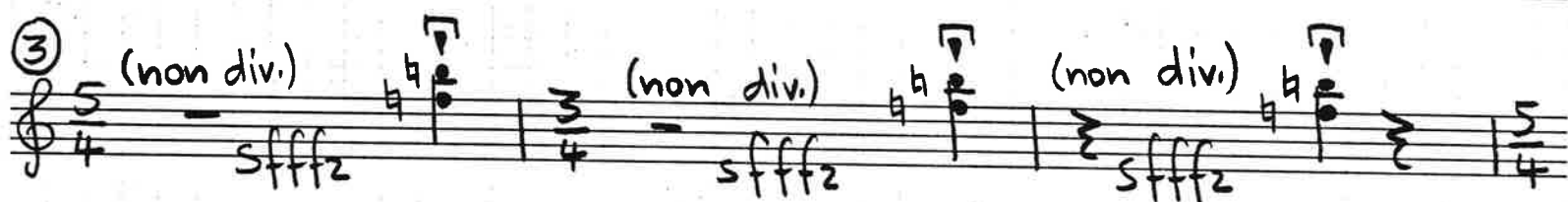
✓



- 4 - (Vn I, S. Publ)

XI.

$\text{♩} = 100$



primi Violini

6. Punkt

Fragmente für Orchester René Wohlhauser

I.

$\text{♩} = 50$

Handwritten musical notation for the first system, marked **ff**. The notation includes various time signatures (7/4, 5/4, 3/4, 2/4) and rests. A key signature change to one flat is indicated. A circled 8 indicates the start of a new section.

II.

$\text{♩} = 100$

Handwritten musical notation for the second system, marked **ff** and **mf**. It includes time signatures (7/4, 5/4, 3/4, 2/4) and rests. A circled 5 indicates the start of a new section.

III.

$\text{♩} = 150$

Handwritten musical notation for the third system, marked **ff** and **sfff**. It includes time signatures (7/4, 5/4, 3/4, 2/4) and rests. A circled 6 indicates the start of a new section. The notation includes a glissando and a section marked **attacca**.

IV.

Handwritten musical notation for the fourth system, marked **tacet**. It includes a circled 17 and a circled 4.

VI. morendo

Handwritten musical notation for the fifth system, marked **mp** and **p**. It includes time signatures (4/4) and rests. The notation includes a glissando and a section marked **gliss. bentamente**. A circled 17 and a circled 3 are present.

N.B.: Versetzungszeichen gelten (im traditionellen Sinn) für den ganzen Takt und nur in der jeweiligen Oktavlage.

VII. Choral

senza tempo #8va7

mf mp p mp p

5¹¹ / 3¹¹ / 7¹¹ / 5¹¹ / 11¹¹ / 7¹¹ / 4

VIII. Intermezzo 1

d=92 trem. divisi fff

4 non div. sim. sempre sffz secco

2/4 - 3/4 non div. sim.

IX.

A d=50

7/4 - 5/4 - 3/4 - 2/4 - 3/4 - 2/4 - 3/4 - 5/4 - 2/4 -

11 B d=50 8va7

7¹¹ ff (non stacc.)

5/4 - 3/4 - 2/4 - 3/4

p pp mp

18 #p. (b+)

p divisi pizz. mit Plektrum

sff

3/4 5/4 2/4 4/4 11/4

- 3- (Vn I, 6. Publ)

22 $\text{♩} = 120$ $\text{♩} = 50$ fff non div arco $\text{pizz. mit Plektrum}$ fff

26 arco $\text{p} < \text{f}$ mp divisi $\text{pizz. mit Plektrum}$ sfff

31 arco non div. fff fff

Ⅷ. Intermezzo 2

tacet [37"] attacca II (7/4)

%

- 4 - (Vn I, G. Publ)

XI.

$\text{♩} = 100$

Staff 1: 7/4 sfff $\#$ non div. sfff_2 2/4 sfff_2 5/4

③

Staff 2: 5/4 sff $\#$ sfff_2 (non div.) 3/4 sfff_2 (non div.) 5/4 sfff_2 (non div.) 5/4

⑥

Staff 3: 5/4 sfff_2 (non div.) 2/4 sfff_2 (non div.) 7/4 sfff_2 (non div.) 2/4

⑨

Staff 4: 2/4 pp $\#$ tr 5/4 sfff_2 (non div.) 3/4 sfff_2 (non div.) 5/4

⑬

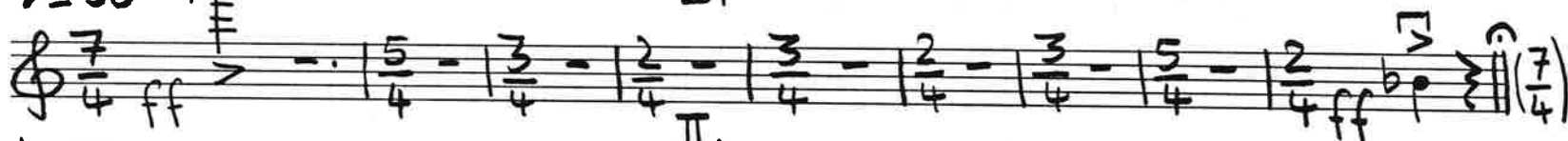
Staff 5: 5/4 12/4 13/4 fff $\#$ tr Fine

Secondi Violini

A. Publ. Fragmente für Orchester René Wohlhauser

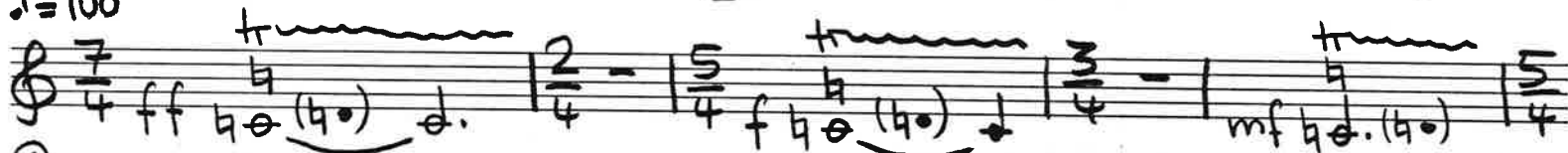
$\text{♩} = 50$

I.



$\text{♩} = 100$

II.



⑥



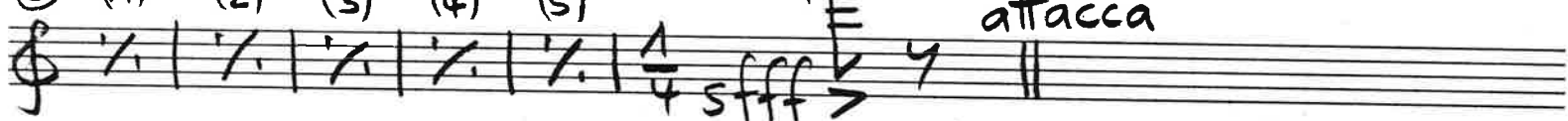
$\text{♩} = 150$

III.



⑥

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)

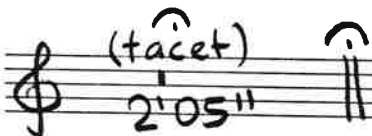
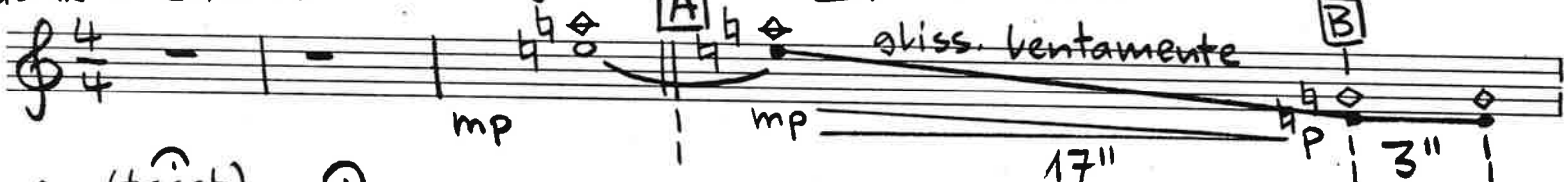


IV.



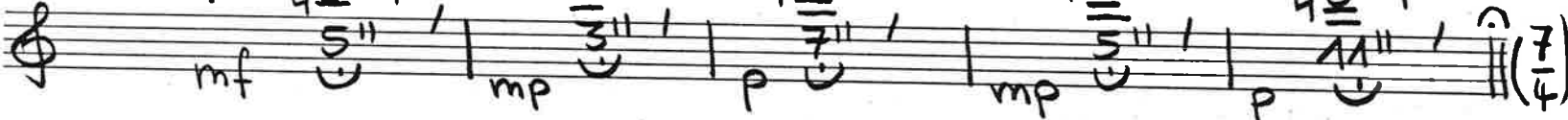
cad. 112 V. Zitat (tacet) Flageolet

VI. morendo

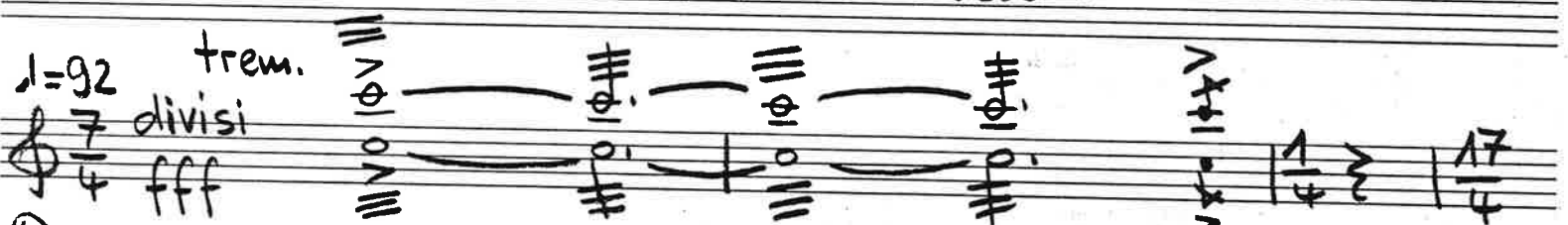


VII. Choral

senza tempo



VIII. Intermezzo 1



④

sempre sfff2 secco

non div.



N.B.: Versetzungszeichen gelten (im traditionellen Sinn) für den ganzen Takt und nur in der jeweiligen Oktavlage.

Sempre divisi

senza tempo

A $\text{♩} = 50$

1 *sempre*
2 *sub tasto*
non vibrato
con sord.
pp

③

⑥

⑨

senza tempo

B

⑫

B $\text{♩} = 50$

subito
sempre
sub pont.
non vibrato
con sord.

⑭

- 3- (Vn II, 1. Punkt)

18

21

$\text{♩} = 120$

23

senza tempo

$\text{♩} = 50$

Sempre ordinario molto vibrato¹⁾ senza sord. mf

25

28

31

sord. auf

suk tasto non vibrato con sord. pp

tacet [37"]

Intermezzo 2

sord. ab

attacca

¹⁾ molto vibrato: langsam



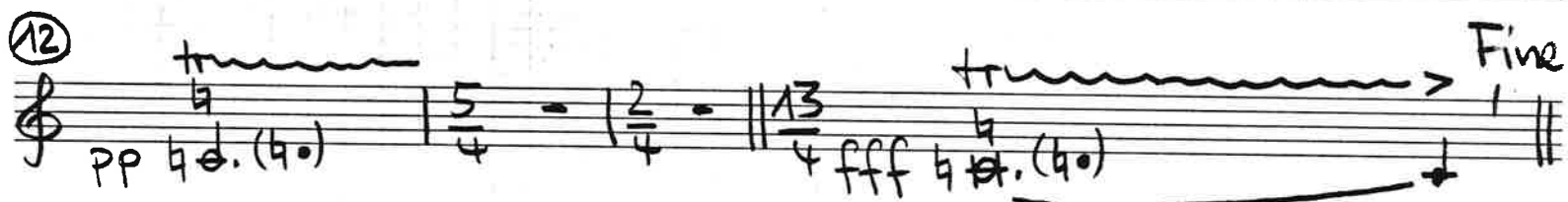
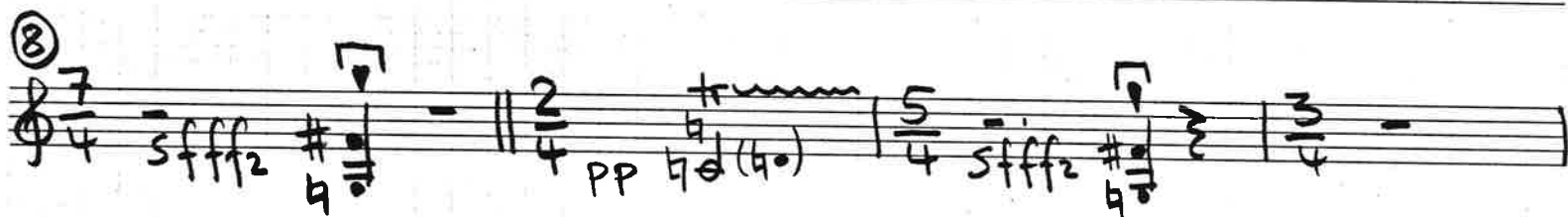
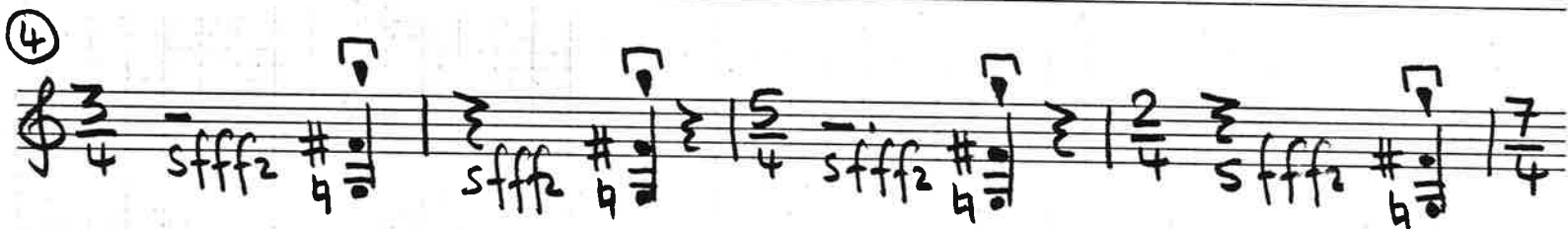
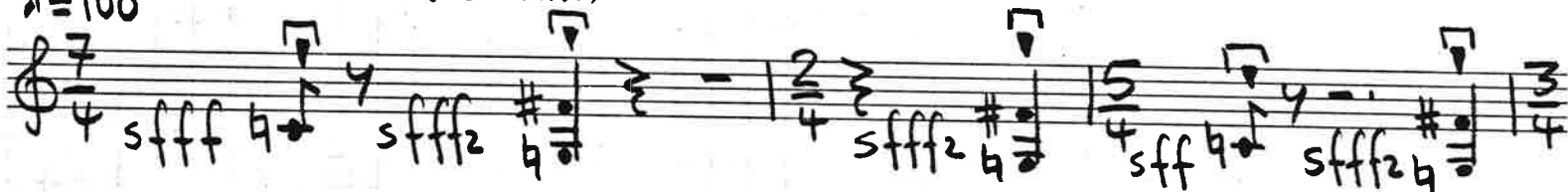
Sempre

- 4 - (Vn II, 1. Pult)

non divisi, senza sord. XI.

$\text{♩} = 100$

(non div.)



secondi Violini

2. Punkt

Fragmente für Orchester René Wohlhauser

I.

$\text{♩} = 50$



II.

$\text{♩} = 100$



⑥



III.

$\text{♩} = 150$



⑥ (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)



IV.

tacet [17"]

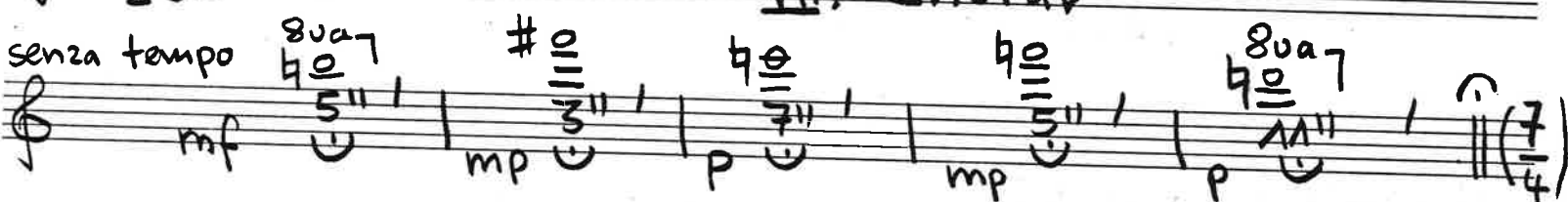
ca. $\text{♩} = 112$ V. Zitat (tacet) Flageolett



IV. morendo

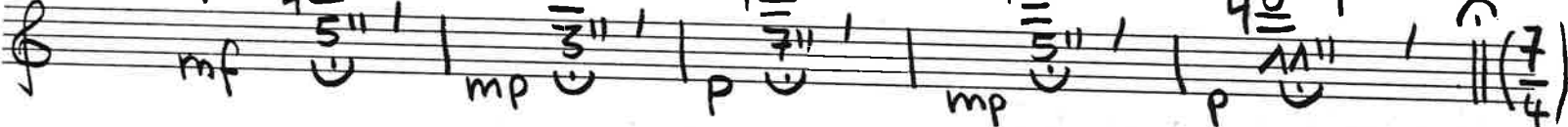
gliss. lentamente

(tacet) 2'05"



VII. Choral

senza tempo

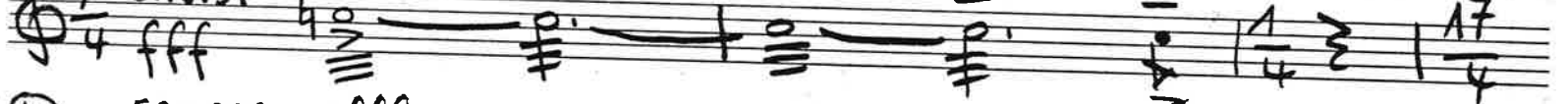


VIII. Intermezzo 1

$\text{♩} = 92$

trem.

divisi



④ sempre sffff secco



N.B.: Versetzungszeichen gebten (im traditionellen Sinn) für den ganzen Takt und nur in der jeweiligen Oktavlage.



NO. 114

Système Siestrop, déposé Printed in Switzerland

sempre divisi

senza tempo

A ♩ = 50

1 sempre
sul tasto
non vibrato
con sord.
pp

3

6

9

senza tempo

B

12

B ♩ = 50

subito
sempre
sul pont.
non vibrato
con sord.
f

14

-3- (Vn II, 2. Pult)

18

21

23

25

28

31

33

35

37



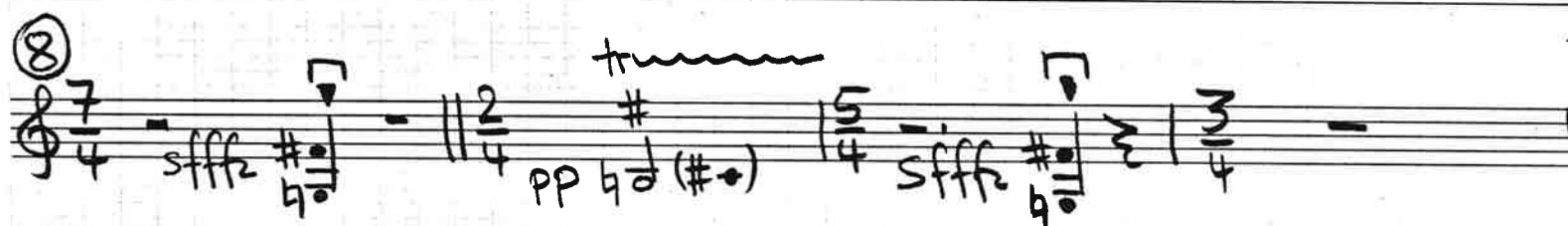
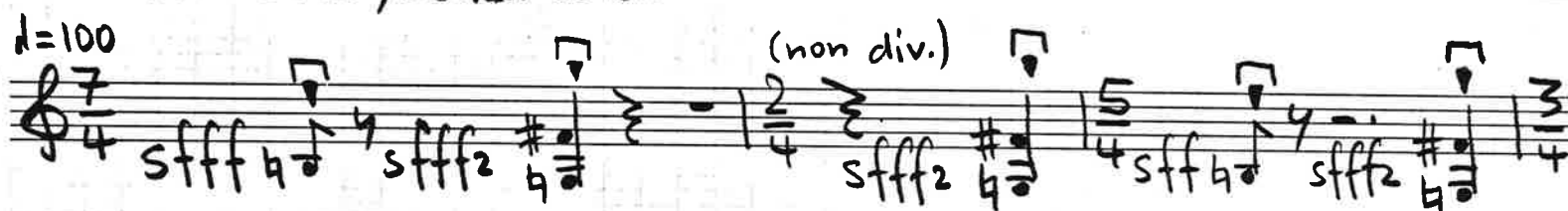
-4- (Vn II, 2. Pult)

Sempre

non divisi, senza sord.

XI.

$\text{♩} = 100$



Secondi Violini

3. Punkt

Fragmente für Orchester René Wohlhauser

I.

$\text{♩} = 50$

ff 7/4 5/4 3/4 2/4 3/4 2/4 3/4 5/4

⑧ 5/4 2/4 ff b 7/4

I.

$\text{♩} = 100$

ff 7/4 b 5/4 f b 7/4

⑤ mf b 5/4 2/4 p b 7/4

III.

$\text{♩} = 150$

ff 7/4 5/4 gliss. 7/4 2/4 ff attacca

⑥ (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) sfff 7/4

IV.

tacet $[17'']$

$\text{ca } \text{♩} = 112$ V. Zitat (tacet) Flageolett A VI. morendo gliss. bentamente B

mp mp P $17''$ $3''$

2'05'' (tacet)

N.B.: Versetzungszeichen gelten (im traditionellen Sinn) für den ganzen Takt und nur in der jeweiligen Oktavlage.

- 2- (Vn II, 3. Pult)

VII. Choral

Senza tempo

mf mp p mp p

VIII. Intermezzo 1

$\text{♩} = 92$ trem. divisi fff

sempre sffz secco sim. non div.

IX.

$\text{♩} = 50$

fff

$\text{♩} = 50$

fff (non stacc.) pp < mp

$\text{♩} = 120$ $\text{♩} = 50$

fff arco

$\text{♩} = 50$

fff arco p < f sfff

- 3 - (Vn II, 3. Pult)

X. Intermezzo 2

tacet [37"]

attacca

|| (7/4)

XI.

♩ = 100

7/4 sfff $\flat$ $\hat{=}$ non div. sfffz $\sharp$ $\hat{=}$ (non div.) sfffz $\sharp$ $\hat{=}$ 2/4 sfffz $\sharp$ $\hat{=}$ 5/4

③ 5/4 sff $\flat$ $\hat{=}$ (non div.) sfffz $\sharp$ $\hat{=}$ 3/4 sfffz $\sharp$ $\hat{=}$ (non div.) sf $\flat$ $\hat{=}$ (non div.) sfffz $\sharp$ $\hat{=}$ 5/4

⑥ 5/4 (non div.) sfffz $\sharp$ $\hat{=}$ 2/4 sfffz $\sharp$ $\hat{=}$ (non div.) 7/4 sfffz $\sharp$ $\hat{=}$ (non div.) 2/4

⑨ 2/4 pp $\flat$ $\hat{=}$ (4.) 5/4 (non div.) sfffz $\sharp$ $\hat{=}$ 3/4 pp $\flat$ $\hat{=}$ (4.) 5/4

⑬ 5/4 - 2/4 - || 13/4 fff $\flat$ $\hat{=}$ (4.) > / Fine ||

Secondi Violini

4. Part

Fragmente für Orchester René Wohlthaus

I.

$\text{♩} = 50$

Handwritten musical notation for the first system, marked **ff**. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 7/4. The notation includes a series of rests and notes with stems, and a final measure with a 5/4 time signature. The second staff also has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. It begins with a 5/4 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a series of notes and rests, ending with a 7/4 time signature.

II.

$\text{♩} = 100$

Handwritten musical notation for the second system, marked **ff**. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The time signature is 7/4. The notation includes a series of rests and notes with stems, and a final measure with a 3/4 time signature. The second staff also has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. It begins with a 5/4 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a series of notes and rests, ending with a 7/4 time signature.

III.

$\text{♩} = 150$

Handwritten musical notation for the third system, marked **ff**. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The time signature is 7/4. The notation includes a series of rests and notes with stems, and a final measure with a 3/4 time signature. The second staff also has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. It begins with a 5/4 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a series of notes and rests, ending with a 7/4 time signature.

Handwritten musical notation for the fourth system, marked **tacet**. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The time signature is 7/4. The notation includes a series of rests and notes with stems, and a final measure with a 3/4 time signature. The second staff also has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. It begins with a 5/4 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a series of notes and rests, ending with a 7/4 time signature.

V. Zitat (tacet)

VI. morendo

ca $\text{♩} = 112$

Handwritten musical notation for the fifth system, marked **mp**. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The time signature is 4/4. The notation includes a series of rests and notes with stems, and a final measure with a 3/4 time signature. The second staff also has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. It begins with a 5/4 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a series of notes and rests, ending with a 7/4 time signature.

N.B.: Versetzungszeichen gelten (im traditionellen Sinn) für den ganzen Takt und nur in der jeweiligen Oktavlage.



NO. 114

Système Sictrop, déposé Printed in Switzerland

VII. Choral

senza tempo

VIII. Intermezzo A

♩ = 92

IX.

♩ = 50

♩ = 50

♩ = 120

♩ = 50

-3- (Vn II, 4. Pult)

X. Intermezzo 2

♫ tacet [37"]

attacca

|| (7/4)

XI.

♩ = 100

♫ sfff $\flat$ $\sharp$ (non div.) sfff2 $\sharp$ (non div.) sfff2 $\sharp$

③ ♫ sff $\flat$ (non div.) sfff2 $\sharp$ (non div.) sfff2 $\sharp$ sf $\flat$ (non div.) sfff2 $\sharp$

⑥ ♫ (non div.) sfff2 $\sharp$ (non div.) sf $\flat$ sfff2 $\sharp$ (non div.) sfff2 $\sharp$ || 2/4

⑨ ♫ pp $\flat$ (4 $\circ$) (non div.) sfff2 $\sharp$ (3/4) pp $\flat$ (4 $\circ$)

⑬ ♫ 5/4 - 2/4 - || 13/4 fff $\flat$ (4 $\circ$) Fine ||

Secondi Violini 5. Punkt Fragmente für Orchester René Wohlhauser

$\text{♩} = 50$

I.

ff $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$

⑧ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ ff $\flat$ $\hat{1}(\frac{7}{4})$

II.

$\text{♩} = 100$

ff $\frac{7}{4}$ $\flat$ $\hat{1}(\frac{7}{4})$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ f $\flat$ $\hat{1}(\frac{7}{4})$ $\frac{3}{4}$

⑤ mf $\flat$ $\hat{1}(\frac{7}{4})$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ p $\flat$ $\hat{1}(\frac{7}{4})$ $\frac{7}{4}$

III.

$\text{♩} = 150$

ff $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ gliss. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ ff $\flat$ $\hat{1}(\frac{7}{4})$ $\flat$ $\hat{1}(\frac{7}{4})$ $\flat$ $\hat{1}(\frac{7}{4})$ $\flat$ $\hat{1}(\frac{7}{4})$ $\flat$ $\hat{1}(\frac{7}{4})$

⑥ (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) $\frac{1}{4}$ sfff $\flat$ $\hat{1}(\frac{7}{4})$ attacca

IV.

tacet [17"] $\hat{1}(\frac{7}{4})$

V. Zitat (tacet)

VI. morendo

$\text{ca } \text{♩} = 112$

mp $\text{Flageole \#}$ gliss. bentamente p

2'05" (tacet) 17" 3"

N.B.: Versetzungszeichen gelten (im traditionellen Sinn) für den ganzen Takt und nur in der jeweiligen Oktavlage.

VII. Choral

senza tempo

mf mp p mp p

VIII. Intermezzo 1

$\text{♩} = 92$

trem. divisi fff pp mp

sempre sfff secco

Sim. non div.

IX.

A $\text{♩} = 50$

8va

B

$\text{♩} = 50$

ff (non stacc.) pp mp

8va

C

$\text{♩} = 120$

$\text{♩} = 50$

arco

8va pizz. mit Plektrum

25

31

arco

IX. Intermezzo 2

attacca

$$11 \left(\frac{7}{4} \right)$$

XI

 $\Delta = 100$

non div.

(non div.)

(non div.)

(non div.)

(non div.)

(non div.)

(non div.)

(non div.)

(non div.)

File

Secondi Violini

6. Punkt

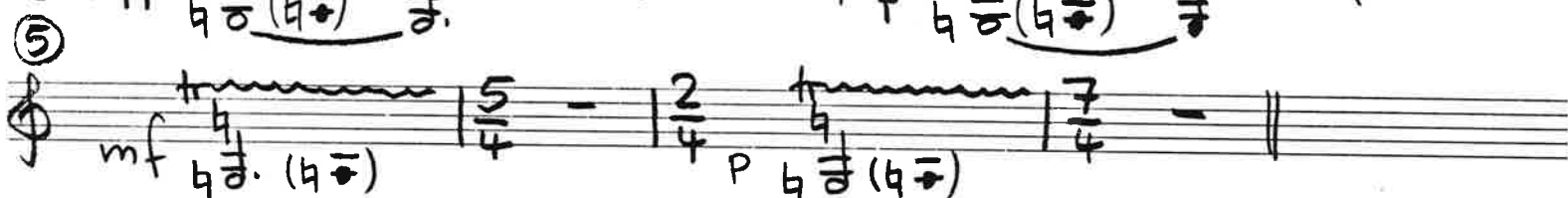
Fragmente für Orchester René Wuthenauer

$\text{♩} = 50$



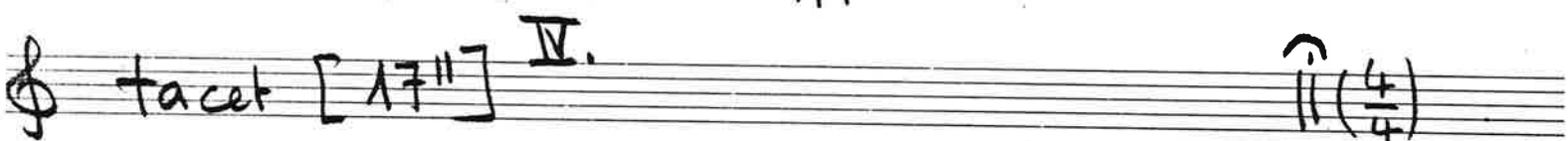
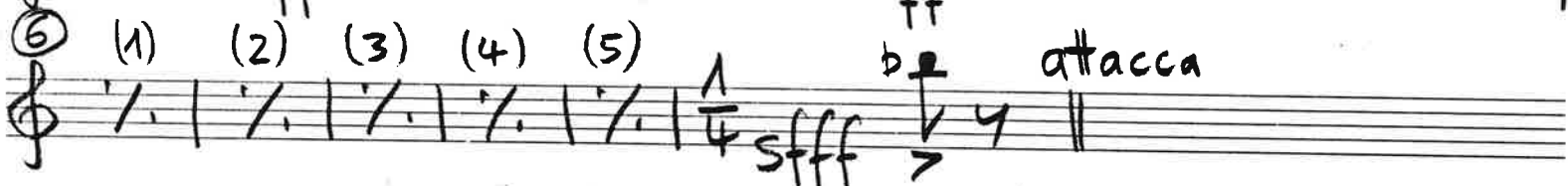
I.

$\text{♩} = 100$



II.

$\text{♩} = 150$



V. Zitat (tacet)

VI. morendo

ca $\text{♩} = 112$



N.B.: Versetzungszeichen gelten (im traditionellen Sinn) für den ganzen Takt und nur in der jeweiligen Oktavlage.



VII. Choral

Senza tempo

mf mp p mp p

VIII. Intermezzo 1

$\text{♩} = 92$

trem. divisi fff p

sempre sfff secco

non div. Sim. non div. Sim.

IX.

A $\text{♩} = 50$

7 5 3 2 3 2 3 5 2

B $\text{♩} = 50$

ff (non stacc.) pp mp

8va

C $\text{♩} = 50$

sff fff

8va

25

fff p f sff

8va

31

fff p f sff

8va

