

# Violoncello

## Gläserne Nacht

Fassung für Sopran, Baßflöte, Baßklarinette und Violoncello

auf ein Gedicht des Komponisten

Ergon 108, Nr. 2, Musikwerknummer 2331 (2025)

René Wohlhauser

The musical score consists of ten staves of music for Violoncello. The tempo is indicated as  $\text{♩} = 100$ . The score includes dynamic markings such as *mp*, *mf*, *f*, *p*, *ord.*, *trem. sul pont.*, *arco*, and *pizz.*. Performance instructions like *6* and *3* are used for sixteenth-note patterns. Measure numbers 5, 9, 11, 14, 19, 24, 28, and 33 are marked along the score.

37

44 *dolce*

49

55

57

62

65

69

73

77

81

86

90

95

100

105

109

113

117

120

*trem. sul pont.*

124

127

129

131

(*mf*)

133

135

*mp*

137

*f*

140

*p*

*mf*

143

145

147

149

152 *trem.*  
*f*

157

163 *f*

167 *f*

172 *mf*

175

177 *mp*

Detailed description: The sheet music consists of eleven staves of musical notation for cello. Staff 1 (measures 147-150) features eighth-note patterns with some grace notes and dynamic changes. Staff 2 (measures 151-154) includes sixteenth-note patterns and dynamic markings. Staff 3 (measures 155-158) shows eighth-note patterns with tremolo markings and dynamic shifts. Staff 4 (measures 159-162) contains eighth-note patterns with dynamic markings. Staff 5 (measures 163-166) features eighth-note patterns with sixteenth-note grace notes and dynamic markings. Staff 6 (measures 167-170) includes eighth-note patterns with sixteenth-note grace notes and dynamic markings. Staff 7 (measures 171-174) shows eighth-note patterns with sixteenth-note grace notes and dynamic markings. Staff 8 (measures 175-178) features eighth-note patterns with sixteenth-note grace notes and dynamic markings. Staff 9 (measures 179-182) includes eighth-note patterns with sixteenth-note grace notes and dynamic markings.

181

184

188

191

195

201

208

Vorzeichen gelten im klassisch-traditionellen Sinne für den ganzen Takt. Sie werden jedoch bei erneutem Erscheinen eines alterierten Tones innerhalb eines Taktes zur Sicherheit nochmals gesetzt.

Vorzeichen gelten nur in der jeweiligen Oktavlage.

Unmittelbare Tonwiederholungen (auch durch Pausen getrennte) behalten die gleiche Tonhöhe bei.